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NSC BRIEFING



DESIGNA OF

THE COLOMBO CONFERENCE OF SOUTH ASIAN PRIME MINISTERS

- I. Background Five South Asian prime
 ministers--from Ceylon, India, Pakistan,
 Burma, and Indonesia--opened three-day
 conference in Colombo on 28 April. No
 fixed agenda. Conference sponsored by
 Prime Minister Kotelawala of Ceylon.
- II. Indochina will probably be dominant issue.
 - A. Nehru expected to raise his plan for Indochina peace--major points are:
 - 1. Immediate cease-fire.
 - 2. Immediate end French sovereignty.
 - 3. Direct negotiations between France
 Associated States, and Viet Minh.
 - 4. Non-intervention agreement among US, UK, Communist China and USSR.
 - B. Possibility Nehru may also suggest

 Southeast Asian states police Indochina
 truce.



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- C. Ceylon has promised to oppose Nehru if he takes anti-Western tack.
 - Specifically, Ceylon will not endorse proposals on Indochina which oppose Dulles-Eden agreement.
 (INFOR ONLY)
 - 2. Ceylonese have given US repeated assurances they want conference to take "positive" anti-Communist stand.
- D. Pakistan likely to support Ceylon.
- E. Burmese and Indonesian positions not known--probably on fence, but generally sympathetic to Indian viewpoint.

III. Other Possible Topics.

- A. Indonesia's call for more inclusive

 Asian-African conference and discussion
 of its claims to Dutch New Guinea.
- E. Pakistan willing to discuss Kashmir if Nehru agrees.
- C. Burma reported interested in discussion of economic problems.

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IV. Results

- A. Agreement on detailed program for action unlikely.
- B. But broadly worded resolution hitting "colonialism" and with overtones of Southeast Asian "peace area" difficult for even Ceylon and Pakistan to resist.